ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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#### CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Tioga Independent School District Name of School District	Grayson County	<u>091-907</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached an	nnual financial reports of the	ne above-named school district
were reviewed and (check one) approved	disapproved for the	year ended June 30, 2024, at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school di	strict on the 25th day of Nov	ember 2024.
Den (1 better		Star P.
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature Board President



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Trustees Tioga Independent School District Tioga, Texas

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tioga Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tioga Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tioga Independent School District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Tioga Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Tioga Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with general accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about Tioga Independent School District's ability to continue as a going
  concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and Teacher Retirement System schedules, listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Tioga Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements and required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining non major fund financial statements and required TEA schedules, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2024, on our consideration of Tioga Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Tioga Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Tioga Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins Eastup Deaton Tonn Seay & Scarborough. UC

Denton, Texas November 22, 2024

As management of Tioga Independent School District (the "District"), we offer the readers of this annual financial report a narrative discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 3, and the District's basic financial statements, which follow this discussion and analysis.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position (assets and deferred outflows minus liabilities and deferred inflows) as of June 30, 2024, is a negative \$5,354,967.
- The District's total net position increased by \$828,230 during the fiscal year as compared to the District's net position that was reported in last year's annual financial report. This decrease is primarily a result of decreased spending.
- As of June 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds report combined ending fund balances of negative \$211,655.
- As of June 30, 2024, the fund balance of the general fund is negative \$3,385,873.
- As of June 30, 2024, the fund balance of the child nutrition fund is \$0.
- As of June 30, 2024, the general fund owes the debt service fund \$2,672,044.
- As of June 30, 2024, the District owes the State of Texas \$1,557,866, which is to be repaid over four years.
- On June 30, 2023, the Texas Education Agency (TEA) issued its final report on the fiscal management review of the District's 2022 and 2021 fiscal years. In that report, TEA notes that the District has violated the Texas Tax Code by using debt service fund property tax revenues for payments that do not meet the definition of debt service. Using debt service funds to pay operating expenses are also a violation of bond covenants. All funds transferred from the debt service fund to the general fund are to be scheduled for repayment to the debt service fund. In addition, the TEA noted that a negative balance in the District's general fund is a violation of Texas Education Code §44.006, which prohibits funds of a current year being used to pay debts of a preceding year, which makes end-of-year fund deficits unlawful. Finally, the TEA noted deficiencies in the District's annual budgeting process and cited Texas Education Code §44.052, which provides for Class C misdemeanor penalties for superintendents and trustees failing to comply with state budget requirements.
- After June 30, 2023, the Texas Commissioner of Education approved the above-mentioned repayment plan and appointed a conservator to oversee the operations of the District until the amount owed to the State of Texas is repaid.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

The District's basic financial statements consists of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These financial statements provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and provide a comprehensive view of the District's financial position and its results of operations. The government-wide financial statements report a flow of total economic resources similar to the financial statements of business enterprises.

The *fund* financial statements report the District's operations at the fund level—for both major funds individually and for nonmajor funds collectively. For governmental activities, fund financial statements report fund flows during the fiscal year and fund balances at the end of the fiscal year.

The *notes* to the financial statements provide narrative explanations and additional information to better understanding amounts in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain financial information about each of the District's nonmajor funds.

The information listed in the table of contents under TEA Required Schedules and the Federal Awards Section contain information used by monitoring agencies to determine whether the District is complying with federal and state requirements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The following analysis presents both current year and prior year summary financial information and discusses significant changes in line items. The analysis focuses on the District's net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

The largest portion of the District's assets is its capital assets—land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; capital assets, however, are *not* available for current or future spending.

As shown below, the District's net position increased from a negative \$5,873,978 to a negative \$5,354,967 during the fiscal year.

Table I NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities June 30, 2024	Governmental Activities June 30, 2023	Difference		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,123,455	\$ 1,432,607	\$ 690,848		
Capital assets	28,205,854	29,019,280	(813,426)		
Total assets	30,329,309	30,451,887	(122,578)		
Deferred outflows of resources	5,306,846	2,854,601	2,452,245		
Total assets and deferred outflows					
of resources	35,636,155	33,306,488	2,329,667		
Long-term liabilities	35,249,838	32,416,468	2,833,370		
Other liabilities	3,699,829	3,910,036	(210,207)		
Total liabilities	38,949,667	36,326,504	(2,623,163)		
Deferred inflows of resources	2,041,455	2,853,962	(812,507)		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows					
of resources	40,991,122	39,180,466	1,810,656		
Net Position:					
Net investments in capital assets	68,663	(826,154)	894,817		
Restricted	3,105,555	2,208,570	896,985		
Unrestricted	(8,529,185)	(7,256,394)	(1,272,791)		
Total Net Position	\$ (5,354,967)	\$ (5,873,978)	\$ 519,011		

The decrease in capital assets is primarily attributable to the recording of annual depreciation expense.

The fluctuations in deferred outflows, long-term liabilities, and deferred inflows is primarily attributable to changes in the District's share of TRS benefit obligations.

The decrease in other liabilities is primarily attributable to a reduction in due to other governments and accrued interest payable.

Table II CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	
	Year	Year	Difference
	Ended	Ended	
	June 30,	June 30,	
	2024	2023	
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 887,752	\$ 689,185	\$ 198,567
Operating grants and contributions	1,009,120	1,390,534	(381,414)
General Revenues:			
Maintenance and operations taxes	1,534,947	1,751,544	(216,597)
Debt service taxes	759,218	688,088	71,130
State aid	7,163,312	6,522,669	640,643
Investment earnings	278	1,350	(1,072)
Miscellaneous	102,665	220,046	(117,381)
Total Revenue	11,457,292	11,263,416	193,876
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and			
media services	4,841,946	5,895,157	(1,053,211)
Instructional and school leadership	521,619	555,883	(34,264)
Student support services	367,447	499,356	(131,909)
Child nutrition	542,907	624,714	(81,807)
Cocurricular activities	797,548	780,117	17,431
General administration	615,939	647,273	(31,334)
Plant maintenance, security and data	1,232,008	1,164,635	67,373
Debt services	1,350,282	1,603,520	(253,238)
Intergovernmental charges	359,366	297,401	61,965
Total Expenses	10,629,062	12,068,056	(1,438,994)
Increase (decrease) in net position	828,230	(804,640)	1,632,870
Net position - beginning of period	(5,873,978)	(5,069,338)	(804,640)
Prior Period Adjustment	(309,219)	-	(309,219)
Net position - end of period	\$(5,354,967)	\$(5,873,978)	\$ 519,011

Revenues from governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$11,457,292. The cost of all governmental programs and services were \$10,629,062. Governmental activities increased the District's net position during fiscal 2024 by \$828,230.

Property taxes and state aid are the District's chief sources of operating revenues.

The decrease in operating grants and contributions is primarily attributable to the exhaustion of ESSER funds.

The increase in state aid is attributable to an increase in the CTE allocation during the 2023-24 academic school year.

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the *unassigned fund balance* in the general fund is a negative \$3,385,873.

The fund balance in the debt service fund is \$3,087,507; the debt service fund is carrying a \$2,672,044 receivable from the general fund as of June 30, 2024.

The child nutrition fund had a negative net change in fund balance of \$49,857 during the year ended June 30, 2024. However, the District recognized a transfer from the general fund of \$139,597 to zero out the negative fund balance as of June 30, 2024.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At year-end, the District had \$28,205,854 (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized \$37,183 in new equipment. \$13,621 for chromebooks, and \$23,562 in video/camera equipment, funded by the Jobs and Education for Texans (JET) grant.

Additional information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Debt Administration**

As of June 30, 2024, the District has \$31,490,000 (par value) in bonds outstanding and an additional \$277,958 in outstanding notes. The District did not issue or refund any long-term debt during the fiscal year.

During the fiscal year, the District issued and repaid \$1,200,000 of Tax Anticipation Notes Payable with Cadence Bank.

On July 17, 2024, the District issued \$8.7 million in Series 2024 unlimited tax refunding bonds. The bonds will be used as a partial payment against the Series 2019 Public Facility Corporation (PFC) School Facility Lease Revenue Bonds.

More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District considers various economic factors when setting its annual operating budgets and tax rates including population growth, projected student enrollments, labor markets, and the state of the overall economy.

On June 24, 2024, the District's board of trustees approved the District's 2024-25 operating budget. The District's 2024-25 operating budget includes estimated revenues of \$11,249,729 and budgeted expenditures of \$10,534,304.

On August 19, 2024, the board of trustees set the following tax rates for the 2024-25 tax year:

- \$0.7269 for each \$100 of property valuation for maintenance and operations
- \$0.50 for each \$100 of property valuation for debt service

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This annual financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, vendors, investors, and creditors an overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate fiscal accountability for the money the District receives to accomplish its educational mission. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's administrative office, at Tioga Independent School District, P.O. Box 159, Tioga, Texas 76271. The District's telephone number is 940-437-2366.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Control Codes	Gov	. 1
Codes		vernmental
	A	Activities
ASSETS		
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,191,873
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent 1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		135,255 (6,763)
1240 Due from Other Governments		803,090
Capital Assets:		,
1510 Land		1,618,575
1520 Buildings, Net		26,317,689
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net		269,590
1000 Total Assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		30,329,309
1701 Deferred Charge for Refunding		3,394,090
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension		1,010,844
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB		901,912
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources LIABILITIES		5,306,846
2110 Accounts Payable		56,819
2140 Interest Payable		470,829
2160 Accrued Wages Payable		574,522
2180 Due to Other Governments Noncurrent Liabilities:		1,575,277
Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.  Due in More than One Year:		1,022,382
Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.		31,698,321
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		2,424,715
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		1,126,802
2000 Total Liabilities  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		38,949,667
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension		121,862
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		1,919,593
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION		2,041,455
Restricted:		
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs		68,663
3850 Restricted for Debt Service		3,087,507
3880 Restricted for Scholarships		18,048
3900 Unrestricted		(8,529,185)
3000 Total Net Position	\$	(5,354,967)

#### TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program Rev	/enues		Position
Control		1		3	4	_	6
Codes					Operating		Primary Gov.
- C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C				Charges for	Grants and		Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	4,790,915	\$	413,650 \$	608,712	\$	(3,768,553)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		50,813		7,327	3,642		(39,844)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		218		-	-		(218)
23 School Leadership		521,619		-	28,024		(493,595)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		91,483		-	7,022		(84,461)
33 Health Services		94,268		-	6,733		(87,535)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		181,696		-	21,589		(160, 107)
35 Food Services		542,907		213,548	195,234		(134, 125)
36 Extracurricular Activities		797,548		253,227	20,113		(524,208)
41 General Administration		615,939		-	21,718		(594,221)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		977,637		-	24,714		(952,923)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		235,455		-	71,619		(163,836)
53 Data Processing Services		18,916		-	-		(18,916)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,342,422		-	-		(1,342,422)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		7,860		-	-		(7,860)
91 Contracted Instructional Services Between School		10,520		-	-		(10,520)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangeme	ents	298,984		-	-		(298,984)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		49,862			-	_	(49,862)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	10,629,062	\$	887,752 \$	1,009,120		(8,732,190)
Data Control Ge	1.0						
Codes	neral Reven	ues:					
MT	Taxes:	Towas Lawiad	for	General Purposes			1,534,947
DT		Taxes, Levied					759,218
SF		Formula Grants		Debt Service			7,163,312
IE	Investment		3				278
MI		_	nterr	nediate Revenue			102,665
				110 01000		_	
CN	Total Genera		Iot D	lagition			9,560,420
		Change in N	net P	OSILIOII			828,230
	t Position - 1						(5,873,978)
	ior Period A	·					(309,219)
NE Ne	t Position - 1	Ending				\$	(5,354,967)

### TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ILINE 30, 2024

JUNE	30,	2024	

Data		10	50 Debt Service	Other	Total Governmental
Control Codes		General Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS					
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents 1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent 1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes 1240 Due from Other Governments 1260 Due from Other Funds	\$	659,690 93,631 (4,682) 730,993 65,751	432,874 41,624 (2,081) - 2,672,044	\$ 99,309 \$ - - 72,097	1,191,873 135,255 (6,763) 803,090 2,737,795
1000 Total Assets	\$	1,545,383	\$ 3,144,461	\$ 171,406 \$	4,861,250
LIABILITIES  2110 Accounts Payable  2160 Accrued Wages Payable  2170 Due to Other Funds  2180 Due to Other Governments  2000 Total Liabilities	\$	56,819 555,578 2,672,044 1,557,866 4,842,307	\$ - - 17,411 17,411	\$ - \$ 18,944 65,751 - 84,695	56,819 574,522 2,737,795 1,575,277 4,944,413
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		88,949	39,543	-	128,492
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		88,949	 39,543		128,492
FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance:  3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt Other Restricted Fund Balance Committed Fund Balance:		- -	 3,087,507	18,048	3,087,507 18,048
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance 3600 Unassigned Fund Balance		(3,385,873)	- -	68,663	68,663 (3,385,873)
3000 Total Fund Balances	_	(3,385,873)	 3,087,507	86,711	(211,655)
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balance	es <u>\$</u>	1,545,383	\$ 3,144,461	\$ 171,406	4,861,250

## TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (211,655)
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	35,841,715
2 Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(7,635,861)
3 Bonds and notes payable have not been included in the fund financial statements.	(31,767,958)
4 Accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds has not been included in the fund financial statements.	(90,135)
5 Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.	(470,829)
6 Bond premiums and discounts are not recognized in the fund financial statements.	(862,610)
7 Deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements.	3,394,090
8 Property tax revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	128,492
9 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$2,424,715, Deferred Inflows of Resources related to TRS pension in the amount of \$121,862, and Deferred Outflows of Resources related to TRS pension in the amount of \$1,010,844. This results in a decrease in Net Position.	(1,535,733)
10 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$1,126,802, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$1,919,593, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$901,912. This results in a net decrease in Net Position.	(2,144,483)
29 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (5,354,967)

### TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Cont		10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	REVENUES:				
5700 5800 5900	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$ 2,119,922 \$ 7,495,976 64,257	5 759,644 63,956	\$ 464,708 \$ 147,943 365,529	3,344,274 7,707,875 429,786
5020	Total Revenues	9,680,155	823,600	978,180	11,481,935
F	EXPENDITURES:				
_	Current:				
0011 0012 0023 0031 0033 0034 0035 0036 0041 0051 0052 0053	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services School Leadership Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services Extracurricular Activities General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Intergovernmental:	4,020,374 45,886 461,989 77,978 81,054 146,626 - 489,422 553,353 891,641 140,685 17,101 601,258 1,154,612 6,960	255,000 167,570 900	247,174 - - - - 488,115 228,108 - - 64,022 -	4,267,548 45,886 461,989 77,978 81,054 146,626 488,115 717,530 553,353 891,641 204,707 17,101 856,258 1,322,182 7,860
0091 0093 0099	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA Other Intergovernmental Charges	 10,520 298,984 49,862	- - -	- - -	10,520 298,984 49,862
6030	Total Expenditures	9,048,305	423,470	1,027,419	10,499,194
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 631,850	400,130	 (49,239)	982,741
7915 8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)	 5,417 (139,597) (134,180)	- -	 139,597 (5,417) 134,180	145,014 (145,014)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		 	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	497,670	400,130	84,941	982,741
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	(3,883,543)	2,687,377	1,770	(1,194,396)
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ (3,385,873)	3,087,507	\$ 86,711 \$	(211,655)

EXHIBIT C-4

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions is to increase net position.  Current year capital asset disposals have no effect on the fund financial statements, but they are shown as decreases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset disposals is to decrease net position.  Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.  Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable, loans payable, and payment of	(65,400) (785,209) 924,765
shown as decreases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset disposals is to decrease net position.  Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.  Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable, loans payable, and payment of	(785,209) 924,765
of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.  Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable, loans payable, and payment of	924,765
accreted interest are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	
Current year interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.	
Interest expense on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due. The current year decrease in accrued interest payable increases the change in net position in the governmentwide financial statements.	:
Bond premiums and discounts are not amortized in the fund financial statements, but are reported net of amortization in the government-wide financial statements.	70,950
Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements.	
Revenues from property taxes are shown as unavailable in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, in the government-wide financial statements.	,
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2023 caused the change in the ending net position to decrease \$28,841. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$297,414, which caused an additional decrease in the change in net position.	
The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2023 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending change in net position to decrease in the amount of \$8,357. These contributions were replaced with the District's negative OPEB expense for the year, which was \$151,523 and caused an increase in the change in net position. The net effect of these is to increase the change in net position.	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 828,230

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Tioga Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable rules and regulations of the State of Texas. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees, a seven-member group elected by registered voters of the District, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees are elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved to the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

The District's basis financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

The Tioga Independent School District Public Facility Corporation (the "PFC") was incorporated on December 5, 2015, for the purpose of issuing bonds to finance the construction of a school for the District and then leasing the school to the District until such time the bonds are repaid. For financial reporting purposes, the PFC is included as a blended component unit of the District.

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity within the governmental activities columns has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the year ended June 30, 2024.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities into separate funds to facilitate financial management and demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the Tioga, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to satisfy District responsibilities.
- 2. **Debt Service Fund** This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after the related debt obligations have been met.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

1. Special Revenue Funds - These funds are established to account for federally financed or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. In the State of Texas, funds committed for campus activities are also included in special revenue funds.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position, and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The District records its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The fiduciary net position has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information disclosed about TRS assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. TRS benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. TRS investments are reported at fair value.

The District records its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan. The fiduciary net position has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information disclosed about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. TRS benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no TRS investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenue susceptible to accrual in the government-wide financial statements are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as deferred revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year of less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

In accordance with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG), the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirement prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the Resource Guide.

#### D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

Formal budgetary accounting was employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FASRG module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The official school budget was prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Child Nutrition Fund. The other special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal period. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is amended throughout the period by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	June 30, 2024
	Fund Balance
Appropriated Budget Funds	\$ -
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	86,711
All Special Revenue Funds	<u>\$ 86,711</u>

#### E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at June 30 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. The District had no material encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2024.

#### F. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds". Interfund loans are classified as "Advances to/from other funds" and are offset by a fund balance reserve account. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances" and "internal advances."

#### G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements 20-40 Years Furniture and Equipment 3-10 Years

#### H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District accrues a liability for vacation benefits that carry-forward across fiscal years.

#### K. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that quality for reporting in this category:

**Deferred outflows of resources for refunding** - Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refundings results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for the deferred charge on bond refundings at June 30, 2024 was \$3,394,090.

**Deferred outflows of resources for pension** - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently approximately 5.6705 years. A deferred outflow for pension expense results from payments made to the TRS pension plan by the District after the plan's measurement date. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the statement of net position for deferred pension expenses at June 30, 2024 was \$1,001,844.

**Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB**- Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan which is currently approximately 9.2215 years. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the statement of net position for deferred OPEB expense at June 30, 2024 was \$901,912.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

**Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues** - Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2024 was \$128,492.

**Deferred inflows of resources for pension** - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. These amounts will be amortized over a closed five-year period. In fiscal year 2024, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the statement of net position in the amount of \$121,862.

**Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB** - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members (9.2215 years for the 2023 measurement year). In fiscal year 2024, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the statement of net position in the amount of \$1,919,593.

#### L. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciations, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, restricted net position is expended before unrestricted net position if such use is consistent with the restricted purpose.

#### M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expenses when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### N. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal period, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### O. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### P. DATA CONTROL CODES

Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resources Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the agency to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

#### NOTE 2. FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION

Net position on the government-wide Statement of Net Position includes the following:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> reports the difference between capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent bond proceeds that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those capital assets.

<u>Restricted for Federal and State Grant Programs</u> is the component of net position restricted to be spent for specific purposes prescribed by federal and state granting agencies.

<u>Restricted for Debt Service</u> is the component of net position that is restricted for payment of debt service by constraints established by the bond covenants.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is the residual difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows that is not invested in capital assets or restricted for specific purposes.

It is the District's policy to spend funds available from restricted sources prior to unrestricted sources.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Food Service fund balance and Scholarship fund balance are restricted because the use is restricted pursuant to the mandates of the respective grants and donors.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees have committed resources as of June 30, 2024 for campus activities.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The Board of Trustees has no assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2024.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance/deficit for the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

#### 1. Cash Deposits:

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposit checking accounts and interest-bearing demand accounts was \$1,191,873 and the bank balance was \$1,280,485. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2024 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. District cash deposits were fully covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral throughout the fiscal year.

#### 2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

- a. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, the District's cash deposits totaled \$1,280,485. This entire amount was either collateralized with securities held by the District's agent, letters of credit or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2024, the District had no investments in public funds investment pools. Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk.
- d. Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk: This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2024, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. Investment pools are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

#### NOTE 4. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation, Per Capita, and Existing Debt Allotment Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2024, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State	Federal	Local	
Fund	Entitlements	Grants	Governments	Total
General	\$ 730,993	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 730,393
Special Revenue	-	72,097	-	72,097
Debt Service	<del>_</del> _	<del>_</del> _	<u>-</u> _	
Total	\$ 730,993	\$ 72,097	\$ 32,583	\$ 803,090

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities:	July 1	Additions	Disposals	June 30
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,618,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,618,575
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated:	1,618,575	-	-	1,618,575
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings & Improvements	33,184,451	-	(65,400)	33,119,051
Furniture & Equipment	397,808	37,183	-	434,991
Vehicles	669,098			669,098
Total Capital Assets being depreciated:	34,251,357	37,183	(65,400)	34,223,140
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(6,075,176)	(726,186)	-	(6,801,362)
Furniture & Equipment	(261,626)	(25,493)	-	(287,119)
Vehicles	(513,850)	(33,530)		(547,380)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,850,652)	(785,209)	-	(7,635,861)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	27,400,705	(748,026)	(65,400)	26,587,279
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 29,019,280	\$ (748,026)	\$ (65,400)	\$ 28,205,854

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

#### Governmental Activities:

Instruction	\$ 438,573
Instructional Resources & Media Services	3,776
Curriculum Development & Instructional Staff Development	218
School Leadership	43,208
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	11,619
Health Services	11,982
Student Transportation	33,530
Food Service	39,310
Co-curricular/Extracurricular Activities	63,494
General Administration	46,839
Plant Maintenance & Operations	87,214
Security & Monitoring Services	3,631
Data Processing	 1,815
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 785,209

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes bonds and notes payable. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities.

The following is a summary of changes in the District's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024:

		Balance					Balance	D	ue within
		July 1	A	dditions	(R	letirement)	June 30		One Year
Bonded Indebtedness	Rate					_			
Series 2015 Refunding	2.0 - 5.0%	\$ 1,860,000	\$	-	\$	(160,000)	\$ 1,700,000	\$	180,000
Series 2019 PFC	3.0 - 4.5%	26,775,000		-		(470,000)	26,305,000		485,000
Series 2021 Refunding	3.0 - 5.0%	3,580,000				(95,000)	3,485,000		85,000
Total Bonded Indebtedness		32,215,000		-		(725,000)	31,490,000		750,000
Bond Premiums		933,560		-		(70,950)	862,610		64,959
Accreted Interest		122,877		35,765		(68,507)	90,135		70,689
Bonded Indebtedness, Net		33,271,437		35,765		(864,457)	32,442,745		885,648
Other Obligations									
Note Payable	3.89%	286,593		-		(92,349)	194,244		95,892
Note Payable	4.97%	122,623				(38,909)	83,714		40,842
Total Other Obligations		409,216				(131,258)	277,958		136,734
Total Debt, Net		\$ 33,680,653	\$	35,765	\$	(995,715)	\$ 32,720,703	\$	1,022,382

The bonds mature variously through 2042. Interest accrues on these bonds each February 15 and August 15.

The Series 2015 and Series 2021 refunding bonds are general obligation bonds, which are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General obligation bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bonds indentures. The District has violated the Texas Tax Code and bond covenants by using debt service fund property tax revenues for general fund obligations. The Texas Education Agency is requiring the District to repay all funds transferred from the debt service fund to the general fund. As of June 30, 2024, the amount to be repaid is \$2,672,044.

The Series 2019 PFC refunding bonds are lease revenue bonds that were issued by the PFC to finance the construction of a new school for the District. The PFC refunding bonds are obligations of the general fund, along with the notes payable. Notes payable as of June 30, 2024, amortize through 2026.

Presented below is a summary of long-term debt requirements to maturity:

Year Ended			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
06/30/25	\$ 886,734	\$ 1,253,110	\$ 2,139,844
06/30/26	1,226,224	1,217,596	2,443,820
06/30/27	1,425,000	1,170,131	2,595,131
06/30/28	1,470,000	1,122,207	2,592,207
06/30/29	1,520,000	1,065,668	2,585,668
2030-2034	8,810,000	4,273,166	13,083,166
2035-2039	10,385,000	2,256,887	12,641,887
2040-2042	6,045,000	369,100	6,414,100
	\$ 31,767,958	\$ 12,727,865	\$ 44,495,823

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 7. DEFEASED BONDS

The District has issued refunding bonds to defease certain outstanding bonds for the purpose of consolidation and to achieve debt service savings. The District has placed the proceeds from the refunding issues in irrevocable escrow accounts with a trust agent to ensure payment of debt service on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities are not included in the District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2024, the District has \$26,164,930 of bonds considered defeased but still outstanding.

#### NOTE 8. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2023-24 fiscal year was based was \$213,106,563. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15 % delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.7292 and \$0.36 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.0892 per \$ 100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2024 were 96.7% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of June 30, 2024, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$697,828 and \$365,082 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenue at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles have been recognized as revenue.

#### NOTE 9. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the year ended June 30, 2024, revenues from local and intermediate sources in the fund financial statements consisted of the following:

	General	Debt Service		Special		
	Fund		Fund	Rev	enue Funds	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 1,534,948	\$	753,231	\$	-	\$ 2,288,179
Penalties, interest and other tax						
related income	16,076		6,384		-	22,460
Food Sales	-		-		213,548	213,548
Investment Income	210		29		39	278
ECDC Tuition	394,111		-		-	394,111
Co-Curricular Student Activities	29,827		-		244,240	274,067
Other	144,750				6,881	151,631
	\$ 2,119,922	\$	759,644	\$	464,708	\$ 3,344,274

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

*Plan Description*. Tioga Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx, by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512)542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

**Contributions.** Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 thru 2025.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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Member Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers	2023 8.00% 8.00% 8.00%	2024 8.25% 8.25% 8.25%
Tioga ISD FY2024 Employer Contributions	ons	\$ 150,396
Tioga ISD FY2024 Member Contributions		\$ 381,171
Tioga ISD FY2024 NECE On-Behalf Contribution		\$ 303,944

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including the TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- All public schools must contribute 1.8 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

 When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability in the August 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022 rolled forward
	to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2023	4.13%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	2.95% to 8.95%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2024 gradually increasing to 9.56 percent in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

		Long-Term	
		Expected	<b>Expected Contribution</b>
	Target	Arithmetic Real	To Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation <sup>1</sup>	Rate of Return <sup>2</sup>	Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.12%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.9%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.4%	0.75%
Private Equity	14%	7.7%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	1.0%	0.22%
Absolute Return <sup>4</sup>	0%	3.7%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	3.4%	0.18%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.1%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources	6%	5.1%	0.37%
Commodities	0%	3.6%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	4.6%	0.43%
Leverage			
Cash	2%	3.0%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	3.6%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation	-		2.70%
Volatility Drag <sup>3</sup>	<u>-</u>		-0.93%
Total	100%		8.19%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY23 policy model.

<sup>2</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 06/30/2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Absolute Return includes credit sensitive investments.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
Tioga ISD's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability:	\$3,625,080	\$2,424,715	\$1,426,608

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.** At June 30, 2024, Tioga Independent School District reported a liability of \$2,424,715 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Tioga Independent School District. The amount recognized by Tioga Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Tioga Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$2,424,715
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	4,570,243
Total	<u>\$6,994,958</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0035299212%, a increase of 2.20% from its proportionate share of 0.036092786% at August 31, 2022.

#### Changes in Assumptions and Benefits Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation.

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 elections which will be paid in January, 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

The amount of pension expense recognized by Tioga Independent School District in the reporting period was \$478,860.

For the year ended June 30, 2024 Tioga Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$690,067 and revenue of \$690,067 for support by the State.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

At June 30, 2024, Tioga Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.):

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 86,393	\$ 29,361
Changes in actuarial assumptions	229,331	56,122
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	332,855	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	215,938	36,379
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	126,327	-
Total	\$1,010,844	\$121,862

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Pension Expense Amount	Balance of Deferred Outflows (Deferred Inflows)
2025	\$ 184,928	\$ 577,727
2026	127,954	449,773
2027	339,605	110,168
2028	105,479	4,689
2029	4,689	-
Thereafter	-	-

#### NOTE 11. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

*Plan Description.* The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position.* Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

**Benefits Provided.** TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees			
Medicare Non-Medicare			
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200	
Retiree and Spouse	529	689	
Retiree* and Children	468	408	
Retiree and Family	1,020	999	

<sup>\*</sup> or surviving spouse

**Contributions.** Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon active employee compensation. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2023. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Tioga ISD FY2024 Employer Contributions		\$ 35,679
Tioga ISD FY2024 Member Contributions		\$ 30,190
Tioga ISD FY2024 NECE On-Behalf Contribution	S	\$ 57,216

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program. When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$21.3 million in fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87<sup>th</sup> Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2023:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination Rates of Disability

The active mortality rates were based on PUB (2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2021.

## Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date

August 31, 2022 rolled forward
to August 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method

Individual Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30% Single Discount Rate 4.13%

Aging Factors Based on specific plan experience
Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claim costs

Projected Salary Increases

2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation

Election Rates

Normal Retirement: 62%

participation prior to age 65

and 25% participation after age 65

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

**Discount Rate.** A single discount rate of 4.13% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 0.22 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023 using the fixed-income market data/yield curve/data municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.13%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (3.13%)	Current Single Discount Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (5.13%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$1,327,139	\$1,126,802	\$963,323

**Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis** - The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is one-percentage less than or one-percentage point greater than the health trend rates is assumed.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Healthcare	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Healthcare Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$927,865	\$1,126,802	\$1,382,735

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,126,802 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,126,802	
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$ 1,359,660	
Total	\$2,486,462	

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0050898312%, a decrease of 10.06% compared to the August 31, 2022 proportionate share of 0.0056591610%.

**Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation** – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$(107,370).

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(290,667) and revenue of \$(290,667) for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits related to OPEB from the following sources (the amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers for the current and prior years combined.):

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 50,979	\$ 947,991
Changes in actuarial assumptions	153,800	689,971
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	487	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	667,023	281,631
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	29,623	-
Total	\$901,912	\$1,919,593

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	OPEB Expense Amount	Balance of Deferred	
		Outflows (Deferred Inflows)	
2025	\$ (201,158)	\$ (846,146)	
2026	(149,477)	(696,669)	
2027	(79,509)	(617,160)	
2028	(169,380)	(447,780)	
2029	(149,320)	(298,460)	
Thereafter	(298,460)	- 1	

# **NOTE 12. HEALTH CARE**

During the year ended June 30, 2024, employees of Tioga Independent School District were covered by the TRS-Active Care health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$400 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contribution and contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid to a fully insured plan (TRS Active-Care).

#### NOTE 13. SCHOOL DISTRICT RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments are recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by the District. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the contribution made on behalf of the District was \$26,959.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### NOTE 14. WORKERS' COMPENSATION

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2.0 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2023 the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$48,919,036 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year-ended June 30, 2024, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of independent auditors to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2023, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

### NOTE 15. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2024, represented short-term advances between funds because much activity of the District flows through a pooled bank account. These amounts are expected to be repaid in less than one year from June 30, 2024.

As discussed in Note 5 – Long-Term Debt, the District has violated the Texas Tax Code and bond covenants by using debt service fund property tax revenues for general fund obligations. The Texas Education Agency is requiring the District to repay all funds transferred from the debt service fund to the general fund. As of June 30, 2024, the amount to be repaid is \$2,672,044.

	 Du	е То	
	General	De	ebt Service
Due From	 Fund		Fund
General Fund	\$ _	\$	2,672,044
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 65,751	\$	-

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following individual amounts:

		Transfers To							
	G	eneral	Chil	d Nutrition					
Transfers From		Fund Progan							
General Fund	\$	-	\$	139,567					
Campus Activities Fund	\$	5,417	\$	-					

## NOTE 16. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGETED AMOUNTS

The Texas Education Agency requires the budgets for the Governmental fund types to be filed with the TEA. The budget should not be exceeded in any functional category under TEA requirements. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in one functional category in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024. Additionally, expenditures exceeded appropriations in one functional category in the Child Nutrition Program for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### NOTE 17. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENT

The District participates in a special education cooperative program with other school districts. Although a portion of the activity of the shared services arrangement is attributable to the District's participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District has neither a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

### NOTE 18. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2024 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

# NOTE 19. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain right-to-use subscription assets and corresponding subscription liabilities for SBITAs that were previously recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Per review of the information technology arrangements identified by the District as potential SBITAs, the arrangements were determined to either not meet the definition of a SBITA or were immaterial to the financial statements.

# NOTE 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Management has reviewed events subsequent to June 30, 2024 through November 22, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. On July 17, 2024, the District issued \$8.7 million in Series 2024 unlimited tax refunding bonds.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget		
Codes		Original		Final				Positive or (Negative)	
REVENUES:									
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	2,941,000 7,243,125 -	\$	2,448,500 7,813,125	\$	2,119,922 7,495,976 64,257	\$	(328,578) (317,149) 64,257	
5020 Total Revenues		10,184,125		10,261,625		9,680,155		(581,470)	
EXPENDITURES:	-				-				
Current:									
<ul> <li>Instruction</li> <li>Instructional Resources and Media Services</li> <li>Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development</li> <li>School Leadership</li> <li>Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services</li> <li>Health Services</li> <li>Student (Pupil) Transportation</li> <li>Extracurricular Activities</li> <li>General Administration</li> <li>Facilities Maintenance and Operations</li> <li>Security and Monitoring Services</li> <li>Data Processing Services</li> <li>Debt Service:</li> <li>Principal on Long-Term Liabilities</li> </ul>		4,146,856 62,122 1,500 393,889 54,864 85,784 148,779 503,153 522,176 892,846 160,991 28,500		4,146,856 62,122 1,500 493,889 84,864 90,784 198,779 703,153 522,176 969,846 160,991 28,500		4,020,374 45,886 - 461,989 77,978 81,054 146,626 489,422 553,353 891,641 140,685 17,101 601,258		126,482 16,236 1,500 31,900 6,886 9,730 52,153 213,731 (31,177) 78,205 20,306 11,399	
oo71 Frincipal on Long-Term Liabilities 0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Intergovernmental:		1,074,000 4,000		1,157,040 6,960		1,154,612 6,960		2,428	
<ul> <li>Contracted Instructional Services Between Schoo</li> <li>Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SS</li> <li>Other Intergovernmental Charges</li> </ul>		11,000 300,000 47,000		11,000 300,000 50,000		10,520 298,984 49,862		480 1,016 138	
6030 Total Expenditures		9,133,460		9,598,460		9,048,305		550,155	
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,050,665	-	663,165		631,850	_	(31,315)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In 8911 Transfers Out (Use) 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- -		- -		5,417 (139,597) (134,180)		5,417 (139,597) (134,180)	
, ,	-	1.050.665				<del>_</del>	_		
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		1,050,665		663,165		497,670		(165,495)	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		(3,883,543)		(3,883,543)		(3,883,543)		-	
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	(2,832,878)	\$	(3,220,378)	\$	(3,385,873)	\$	(165,495)	

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Pl	FY 2024 an Year 2023	Р	FY 2023 dan Year 2022	I	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.00352992%		0.003609279%		0.003314893%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,424,715	\$	2,142,736	\$	844,186
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		4,570,243		4,623,433		2,054,112
Total	\$	6,994,958	\$	6,766,169	\$	2,898,298
District's Covered Payroll	\$	5,633,357	\$	6,080,058	\$	5,444,512
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		43.00%		35.24%		15.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.15%		75.62%		88.79%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2023 for year 2024, August 31, 2022 for year 2023, August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	 FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	_]	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	I	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016		FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	 FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
0.002906403%	0.002899586%		0.00251319%		0.002703227%	0.002529103%	ı	0.0017523%	0.000474%
\$ 1,556,610	\$ 1,507,295	\$	1,383,321	\$	864,346	\$ 955,710	\$	619,415	\$ 126,612
3,970,824	3,480,117		3,167,915		1,812,676	1,916,262		1,685,546	1,209,293
\$ 5,527,434	\$ 4,987,412	\$	4,551,236	\$	2,677,022	\$ 2,871,972	\$	2,304,961	\$ 1,335,905
\$ 5,333,966	\$ 4,713,811	\$	3,518,076	\$	3,141,888	\$ 2,636,080	\$	2,346,091	\$ 1,843,677
29.18%	31.98%		39.32%		27.51%	36.25%		26.40%	6.87%
75.54%	75.24%		73.74%		82.17%	78.00%		78.43%	83.25%

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 2024	2023	2022
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 150,396 \$	187,072 \$	177,822
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(150,396)	(187,072)	(177,822)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,644,716 \$	5,862,924 \$	5,792,010
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.24%	3.19%	3.07%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

 2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 125,257 \$	133,401	\$ 84,663	\$	89,872	\$ 85,272 \$	80,685	\$ 51,885
(125,257)	(133,401)	(84,663	)	(89,872)	(85,272)	(80,685)	(51,885)
\$ - \$	- (	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$ -
\$ 5,333,966 \$	4,713,811	\$ 3,518,076	\$	3,571,963	\$ 3,141,888 \$	2,636,080	\$ 2,436,091
2.35%	2.83%	2.41%	ó	2.52%	2.71%	3.06%	2.21%

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Р	FY 2024 lan Year 2023	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022	Р	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.00509%	0.005659161%		0.005448992%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,126,802	\$ 1,355,030	\$	2,101,920
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		1,359,660	1,652,923		2,816,104
Total	\$	2,486,462	\$ 3,007,953	\$	4,918,024
District's Covered Payroll	\$	5,633,357	\$ 6,080,058	\$	5,444,512
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		20.00%	22.29%		38.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		14.94%	11.52%		6.18%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts for FY 2024 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2023. The amounts for FY 2023 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2022. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

Р	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020		FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	Р	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017			
	0.004823636%		0.004654491%		0.004526445%		0.003487394%		
\$	1,833,682	\$	2,201,164	\$	2,260,095	\$	1,516,537		
	2,464,029		2,924,857		3,000,239		2,542,846		
\$	4,297,711	\$	5,126,021	\$	5,260,334	\$	4,059,383		
\$	5,333,966	\$	4,713,811	\$	3,571,963	\$	3,141,888		
	34.38%		46.70%		63.27%		48.27%		
	4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%		

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 2024	2023	2022
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 35,679 \$	46,306 \$	48,459
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(35,679)	(46,306)	(48,459)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,644,716 \$	5,862,924 \$	5,792,010
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.77%	0.79%	0.84%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

2021	2020	2019	2018
\$ 39,729	\$ 35,354	\$ 31,226	\$ 23,217
(39,729)	(35,354)	(31,226)	(23,217)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 5,333,966	\$ 4,713,811	\$ 3,518,076	\$ 3,571,963
0.74%	0.75%	0.89%	0.65%

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes to benefit terms:

There were no changes to benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes to assumptions:

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

#### OPEB LIABILITY:

Changes to benefit terms:

There were no changes to benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes to assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.31 percent as of August 31, 2023. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Data					240		244		255
		Е	SEA I, A	National		Car	Career and		SEA II, A
Control		Iı	nproving	Breakfast and		Tec	Technical -		aining and
Codes		Bas	ic Program	Lunch	Program	Bas	ic Grant	R	Recruiting
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
1240	Due from Other Governments		50,036		-		-		10,760
1000	Total Assets	\$	50,036	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,760
I	JABILITIES								<del>-</del>
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	6,346	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2170	Due to Other Funds		43,690		-		-		10,760
2000	Total Liabilities		50,036		-		-		10,760
F	UND BALANCES								_
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-		-		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	50,036	\$		\$	-	\$	10,760

	263		281	282		289		410		427		429		461
Ti	tle III, A	ES	SER II	ESSER III	Ot	her Federal		State		Jobs	(	Other State		Campus
Eng	lish Lang.	CRI	RSA Act	ARP Act		Special		Instructional	a	nd Education		Special		Activity
Ac	quisition	Supp	olemental		Rev	venue Funds		Materials		Program	Re	venue Funds	-	Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	12,598	\$	68,663
	4,255		-	-		7,046		-		-		-		-
\$	4,255	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,046	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,598	\$	68,663
\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,598	\$	-
	4,255		-	-		7,046		=		-		-		-
	4,255		-	 -		7,046	_	-	_	-		12,598		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		68,663
	-		-	 -		-	_	-		-		-		68,663
\$	4,255	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,046	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,598	\$	68,663

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

		498		499		Total	
Data			Scholarship	Other Local Special		Nonmajor Governmental	
Contro	1		Funds				
Codes				Reven	ue Funds		Funds
A	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,048	\$	-	\$	99,309
1240	Due from Other Governments		-		-		72,097
1000	Total Assets	\$	18,048	\$	_	\$	171,406
I	LIABILITIES						
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,944
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		-		65,751
2000	Total Liabilities		-		-		84,695
I	FUND BALANCES						
3490	Restricted Fund Balance: Other Restricted Fund Balance		18,048		-		18,048
	Committed Fund Balance:						
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		68,663
3000	Total Fund Balances		18,048		-	-	86,711
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	18,048	\$	-	\$	171,406

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# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		211	240		244		255
Data	ES	SEA I, A	National		Career and	ESEA II, A	
Control	Improving		Breakfast and		Technical -	Training and	
Codes	Basi	c Program	Lunch Program	n	Basic Grant	R	ecruiting
REVENUES:							
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$ 213,54	8 \$	-	\$	-
5800 State Program Revenues		-	16,44	5	-		-
5900 Federal Program Revenues		67,221	208,26	5	2,000		27,888
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		67,221	438,25	8	2,000		27,888
Current:							
0011 Instruction		67,221	-		2,000		27,888
0035 Food Services		-	488,11	5	-		-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-		-		-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		-			-		
6030 Total Expenditures		67,221	488,11	5	2,000		27,888
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	(49,85	7)_	-		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
7915 Transfers In		-	139,59	7	-		-
8911 Transfers Out (Use)		-	_		-		-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	139,59	7	-		-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	89,74	0	-		-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		-	(89,74	0)_	-		-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	<u></u>		·		·		

	263	281	282	289	410	427	429	461
Tit	le III, A	ESSER II	ESSER III	Other Federal	State	Jobs	Other State	Campus
Engl	lish Lang.	CRRSA Act	ARP Act	Special	Instructional	and Education	Special	Activity
Ac	quisition	Supplemental		Revenue Funds	Materials	Program	Revenue Funds	Funds
\$	- ;	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 244,266
	-	-	-	-	41,447	23,963	66,088	-
	8,455	14,678	29,976	7,046				
	8,455	14,678	29,976	7,046	41,447	23,963	66,088	244,266
	8,455	14,678	29,976	7,046	41,447	23,963	2,066	_
	´ <b>-</b>			-		· -	´-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	228,108
	-	-					64,022	
	8,455	14,678	29,976	7,046	41,447	23,963	66,088	228,108
		-	-	-		-	-	16,158
	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,417)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,417)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,741
	-	-	-			-	-	57,922
\$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,663

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	S	498 Scholarship Funds	499 Other Local Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
DEVENI IEC.			Te ende i dilus	1 unus
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	6,892 - -	\$ 2 :	\$ 464,708 147,943 365,529
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		6,892	2	978,180
Current:  0011 Instruction  0035 Food Services  0036 Extracurricular Activities  0052 Security and Monitoring Services		17,700 - - -	4,734 - - -	247,174 488,115 228,108 64,022
6030 Total Expenditures 1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	17,700 (10,808)	4,734 (4,732)	1,027,419 (49,239)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In 8911 Transfers Out (Use)		- -	- -	139,597 (5,417)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	_	134,180
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,808)	(4,732)	84,941
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		28,856	4,732	1,770
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	18,048	\$ -	\$ 86,711

REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	(1)	(1) (2)				
Last 10 Years	Tax I	Rates	Assessed/Appraised Value for School			
	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2015 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various			
2016	1.040000	0.490000	85,058,370			
2017	1.040000	0.490000	92,274,084			
0018	1.040000	0.490000	101,002,387			
019	1.170000	0.360000	111,081,244			
020	1.060000	0.360000	126,000,499			
021	0.989800	0.360000	142,960,421			
2022	0.937500	0.360000	164,543,426			
2023	0.914600	0.360000	163,743,040			
2024 (School year under audit)	0.729200	0.360000	213,106,563			

8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115, Tax Code

**TOTALS** 

1000

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2023	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32)  Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2024	(99) Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115c
\$ 14,467 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	14,467	
2,397	-	13	7	-	2,377	
2,531	-	81	38	-	2,412	
2,750	-	-	-	-	2,750	
2,138	-	-	-	-	2,138	
3,012	-	-	-	-	3,012	
17,851	-	7,853	2,941	-	7,057	
11,630	-	1,968	734	(829)	8,099	
72,177	-	33,826	13,314	(7,666)	17,371	
-	2,321,157	1,491,207	736,197	(16,992)	76,761	
\$ 128,953 \$	2,321,157 \$	1,534,948 \$	753,231 \$	(25,487) \$	136,444	

\$ -

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control		Budgeted	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes		Original		Final			(Negative)
REVENUES:							
<ul> <li>Total Local and Intermediate Sources</li> <li>State Program Revenues</li> <li>Federal Program Revenues</li> </ul>	\$	180,000 15,859 360,000	\$	180,000 15,859 360,000	\$ 213,548 16,445 208,265	\$	33,548 586 (151,735)
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		555,859	-	555,859	438,258		(117,601)
Current: 0035 Food Services		474,543		474,543	488,115		(13,572)
6030 Total Expenditures		474,543		474,543	488,115		(13,572)
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		81,316	-	81,316	(49,857)		(131,173)
7915 Transfers In		-		-	139,597		139,597
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		81,316		81,316	89,740		8,424
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		(89,740)		(89,740)	(89,740)		-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	(8,424)	\$	(8,424)	\$ -	\$	8,424

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control		Budgeted	unts	 Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original Final				(Negative)		
REVENUES:							,
<ul><li>Total Local and Intermediate Sources</li><li>State Program Revenues</li></ul>	\$	798,000 52,000	\$	798,400 52,000	\$ 759,644 63,956	\$	(38,756) 11,956
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:		850,000		850,400	 823,600		(26,800)
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities 0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		255,000 168,000 10,000		255,000 168,000 10,000	255,000 167,570 900		430 9,100
Total Expenditures		433,000		433,000	423,470		9,530
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		417,000		417,400	400,130		(17,270)
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		2,687,377		2,687,377	 2,687,377		
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	3,104,377	\$	3,104,777	\$ 3,087,507	\$	(17,270)

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
	Section A. Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your district expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$316,624
AP4	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30)	\$119,826
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$29,115
AP8	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	\$27,917

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Deaton Tonn Seay & Scarborough | A Texas LLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Tioga Independent School District Tioga, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tioga Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tioga Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated November 22, 2024.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins Eastup Deaton Tonn Seay & Scarborough. UC

Denton, Texas November 22, 2024

# TIOGA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# Finding 2023-1

Condition: The State of Texas and the federal government require public school districts to have effective systems of internal control over financial reporting and internal control over federal and state program compliance. Public school districts must document and demonstrate the effectiveness of five components of internal control pertaining to financial reporting and grant compliance: control environment, risk assessment, control activities, information and communication, and monitoring. The District lacks documentation of functioning systems.

*Recommendation:* Conduct control self-assessments to identify and assess risks of material misstatement and implement an effective system of internal control to mitigate risks to acceptable levels.

Status: The District implemented the recommended procedures.

## Finding 2023-2

Condition: The District has violated the Texas Tax Code by using debt service fund property tax revenues for payments that do not meet the definition of debt service. As a result, the general fund owes the debt service fund \$2,672,044 as of June 30, 2024. Using debt service funds to pay operating expenditures are also a violation of bond covenants.

There are negative balances in the District's general fund as of June 30, 2024. Texas Education Code §44.006 prohibits funds of a current year being used to pay debts of a preceding year, which makes end-of-year fund deficits unlawful.

Recommendation: The District should prepare a repayment schedule for amounts owed by the general fund to the debt service funds and budget these amounts accordingly in future operating budgets. District administration should prepare, and the board should approve annual operating budgets that reduce and eventually eliminate deficit fund balances in the general fund. The District should budget conservatively and monitor budget to actual performance monthly to ensure actual expenditures do not exceed budgeted expenditures in a fiscal year.

Status: The Texas Education Agency is requiring the amount owed to be scheduled for repayment, and a conservator has been appointed to oversee District administration and governance. Due to/from balances were recorded in FY23 for amounts owed by the general fund to the debt service fund. Additionally, the District has reduced expenditures which resulted in an operating surplus for FY24, and a budgeted surplus for FY25, and established a repayment schedule.

The District has implemented the recommended procedures.

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